



#### CK - CKS

Screw terminal connection 10A - 250V Spring connection 10A - 400V from page 40



#### CT - CTE - CTSE

Screw terminal connection 16A - 400V/500V Spring connection

from page 124

from page 151





Crimp connection 10A - 250V from page 44



CMCE - CME - CMSE

16A - 830V Crimp connection 16A - 830V Screw terminal connection 16A - 830V Spring connection from page 134



CT - CTS

Screw terminal connection 10A - 250 V Spring connection 10A - 250 V from page 54



CP

Screw terminal connection 35A - 400/690V from page 149



**CDD** 

Crimp connection 10A - 250V from page 58



**CX - MIXED INSERTS** 

Crimp connection 10A/16A/40A



CQ

Crimp connection 10A/16A/40A from page 67



CX

Screw terminal connection 16A/80A

from page 154 .....



CDA - CDC

.....

Screw terminal connection 16A - 250 V Crimp connection 16A - 250 V from page 72





**MIXO** 

200A/100A/70A Crimp connection 40A/16A/10A/5A from page 160



**CQE** 

Crimp connection 16A - 500V from page 79





**MIXO** 

Screw terminal connection 40A

from page 165



**CSH** 

Spring connection 16A - 500V from page 86





**MIXO** 

Spring connection 16A

from page 172



**CNE - CSE - CCE** 

Screw terminal connection 16A - 500V 16A - 500V Spring connection 16A - 500V Crimp connection from page 94 .....





**MIXO** RJ45-USB-POF Data COAX-BUS from page 183



**JCNE - JCSE** 

Screw terminal connection 16A - 500V 16A - 500V Spring connection from page 106





**MIXO** 

Pneumatic

from page 191



**CSS** 

16A - 500V Spring connection dual terminal

from page 118



**DESINA** 

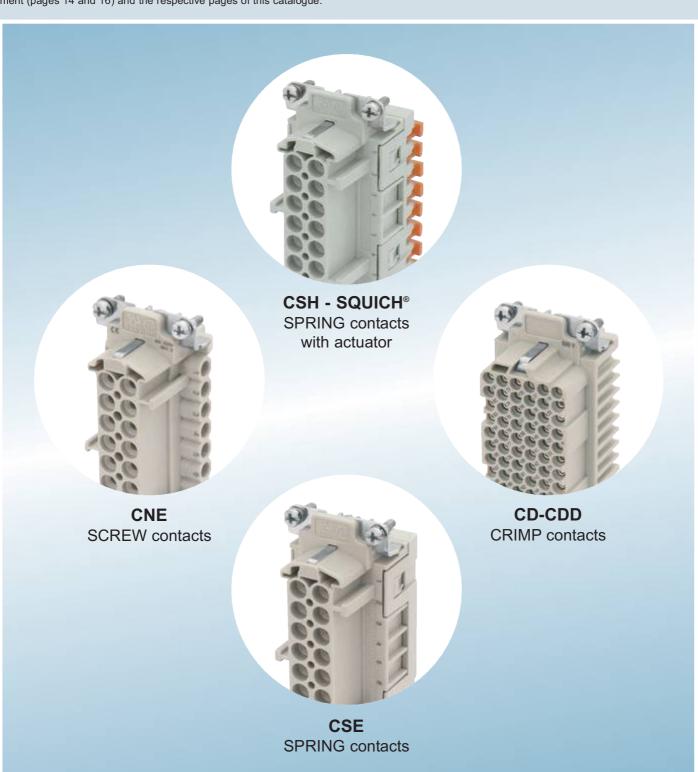
Crimp connection

from page 449



#### Inserts

Inserts are made of self-extinguishing thermoplastic resin UL 94 V-0, normally used for applications in a maximum ambience temperature of 125 °C. The special versions for use with a maximum ambience temperature of 180 °C are made of PPS. Different conductor connection techniques are available: screw, crimp or flexible spring connections. The contacts are in silver or gold plated brass. Inserts are numbered on both sides by laser printing or moulded. There is a large number of versions of inserts selected on the basis of the rated voltage (from 50V to 5000V), the rated current (from 54 to 200A max), the number of poles, the different load combinations required (power and signal poles within the same insert). Inserts are approved in accordance with the approval marks including UL, CSA, CC, GL and GOST. For certifications of each model/series refer to the summary statement (pages 14 and 16) and the respective pages of this catalogue.



The heavy duty multipole connectors for industrial purposes are used in electric and electronic machinery, control units, electric panels, control equipment and wherever connections are required for power and signalling circuits (N.B. connectors must not be handled live). They comply with the European standard EN 61984 (derived from the German standard DIN VDE 0627) and the European standard EN 175301-801 (derived from the German standard DIN 43652) where applicable.



#### MIXO series inserts

The MIXO series is a system composed of modular units to satisfy specific application needs using traditional enclosures.

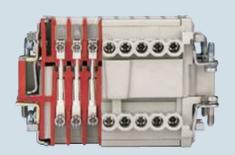
Inside a single enclosure various types of connections can be housed, for example electrical signals, contacts for conducting compressed air with pressures of up to 8 bars, fibre optics, Ethernet, USB and coaxial networks.

Insert compartments are composed by placing multiple modules side by side to form a single compact block; this is inserted on metallic frames with predetermined slots. Once the modules have been inserted on the frame and locked with special keys, the connector composed in this manner can be inserted into the enclosure.





contacts with screw terminal connections with or without wire protection



screw connected contacts in built-in terminal block



#### description

The different types of conductor connections to the male and female inserts are described on the right. The types are summarised as follows:

- screw terminals
- spring connection terminals
- connectors with incorporated terminal block
- crimp terminals

#### N.B.:

for all inserts with screw terminals it is important that the right torsional torque is applied to the screws in order to prevent wrong contacts or damage to the conductor, the screw or the terminal (see data mentioned in the inserts pages).

The 10A and 16A crimp contacts are available either silver or gold-plated.

The gold-plated crimp contacts are recommended for applications with very low rated currents and rated voltages.

Thanks to the conduction characteristics of gold, the deterioration of signals is prevented and an excellent residence to the superficial oxidation of the contacts is obtained.

In particular, gold-plated contacts are recommended with signals with  $\leq$  5 mA current and  $\leq$  5V voltage.

#### description

#### inserts: CK - CDA - CN - CNE - CME - CP - CX

The connections of the conductors to the female and male inserts is made via screws (in accordance with standard EN 60999-1).

Two different types of clamping are possible:

- with pressure plate for unprepared conductors
- without wire protection that requires the <u>conductors</u> to be prepared with bush terminals



with wire protection



without wire protection

#### inserts: CX..A / CX..B

The connections of the conductors to the female and male inserts is made via screws in accordance with standard.

Fully insert the wire in the back of the contact; insert a 2mm hexagonal key in the front of the contact and tighten by holding down the cable (page 21).

### description

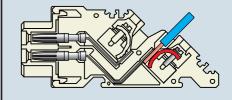
inserts: CTE

In this layout the wires are connected to the socket and plug insert contacts by means of a screw for all CTE inserts (in compliance with EN 60999-1).

The inserts contain:

- a terminal block at 45° for fixed installation on electrical panels or on built-in DIN EN 60715 rail, for easier wire cabling and identification operations
- screw connection with pressure plate which does not require the wires to be prepared (CTE inserts).

#### **CTE** insert connection





### **CSH Series**

# Connections without tools

# **SQUICH®**



1) insert the wire



2) press

### Cabling time:

50% quicker than the screw-type connection and 20% quicker than the conventional spring-type connection

## spring connected contacts with actuator button



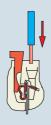
#### description

#### inserts: CSH

In this layout the wires are connected to the socket and plug insert contacts by means of a spring terminal with actuator button.

This type of connection offers the following advantages:

- no special wire preparation (other than stripping)
- no cabling tool is necessary
- offers an excellent fastening solution and a great resistance to strong vibrations
- allows rigid and flexible wires with sections between 0.14 and 2.5 mm² (26 ÷ 14 AWG) to be used (both with non-prepared conductors and those prepared with ferrule)
- greatly reduces insert preparation and cabling times
- a screwdriver with a  $0.5\ x\ 3.5\ mm$  blade is the only tool required to remove the wire from the contact.



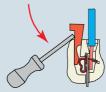
#### step 1

deep insertion of the conductor (with its insulation removed) in its own round seat.



step 2

press the actuator button to close the terminal.



Re-opening

### conductor connections



contacts connected with in built-in terminal block



## contacts connected with dual spring terminal



## contacts connected with spring terminal



description

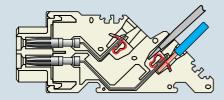
inserts: CTSE - CTS

With terminal block at 45° built-in for fixed installation on electrical panels or on built-in DIN EN 60715 rail, for easier wire cabling and identification operations.

Spring terminal connection which does not require wire preparation (CTSE inserts).

A screwdriver with a  $3.5 \times 0.5$  mm blade is the only tool required to insert the wire in the contact.

#### CTSE insert connection

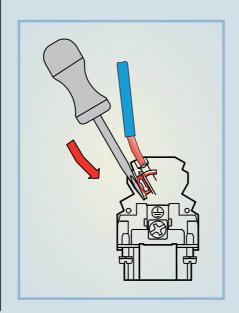


description

inserts: CSS

Equipped with two terminals per contact.

This type of connection allows a circuit to be branched off. A screwdriver with a 3.5 x 0.5 mm blade is the only tool required to insert the wire in the contact.



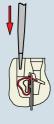
description

inserts: CSE - CMSE

In this layout the wires are connected to the socket and plug insert contacts by means of a spring terminal. This type of connection offers the following advantages:

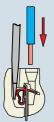
- no special wire preparation
- a screwdriver with a 3.5 x 0.5 mm blade is the only tool required to insert the wire in the contact
- offers an excellent fastening solution and a great resistance to strong vibrations
- allows rigid and flexible wires with sections between 0.14 and 2.5 mm²to be used (both with non-prepared conductors and those prepared with ferrule)
- allows conductibility tests under load to be carried out through the screwdriver insertion section, without splitting the insert
- greatly reduces insert preparation and cabling times

#### Spring terminal connection operating principles



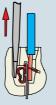
### step 1

when the screwdriver is inserted in the square housing provided, the wire housing in the spring is opened.



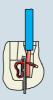
#### step 2

the wire is pushed all the way in the round housing provided.



#### step 3

when the screwdriver is removed, the spring is held down on the inserted wire.



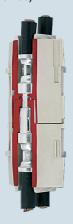
#### step 4

the connection is complete; pull on the wire to make sure that the spring firmly holds down the wire.

#### conductor connections



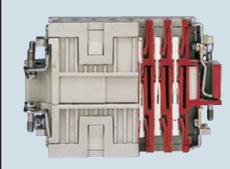
#### removable crimp contacts (with retainer device)



#### removable crimp contacts (with retainer device on contacts)



#### removable crimp contacts (with retainer device inside insert)



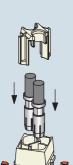
#### description

inserts: MIXO 100A - 200A

This layout enables the wires to be connected to the socket and plug insert removable contacts by crimping them with a crimp tool and its locating turret.

This innovative insert design, patented by ILME, allows crimped contacts to be quickly fitted and removed.

The special plates provided fasten the contact holder; after the insert has been mated to the other inserts and is inserted in the MIXO frame, connection is ensured and is extremely resistant even to the most insidious strains, such as vibrations. Contacts can be removed without having to use any specific tools, but by simply using a screwdriver.



#### 100A max contacts

conductor section (mm²) AWG		identification
16	6 - 5	hole Ø 5.5 mm
25	4 - 3	hole Ø 7.0 mm
35	2	Ø hole 7.9 / 8.2 mm

Contacts are supplied in the silver plated version only

200A max contacts									
conductor section (mm²)	identification								
16	6								
25	4								
35	2								
50	1								
70	2/0								

Contacts are supplied in the silver plated version only

#### description

inserts: CD - CDD - CX - MIXO

This layout enables the wires to be connected to the socket and plug insert removable contacts by crimping them with a crimp tool and its locating turret.

The crimped connections are then inserted (with a fitting tool for sizes 1 and 2, without any tools for sizes 2. 3. 4 and 5) in the above mentioned sizes and are kept firmly in place by means of the flexible device fitted on the contacts.

The wire housing entry on the contact is tapered to facilitate wire insertion and to avoid any damages occurring after the crimping operation.

To remove connections, a special extractor tool must be used.

#### 5A max contacts

conductor section (mm²)	AWG	number identification
0.08 ÷ 0.21	28 ÷ 24	hole Ø 0.64 mm
0.13 ÷ 0.33	26 ÷ 22	hole Ø 0.90 mm
0.33 ÷ 0.52	22 ÷ 20	hole Ø 1.12 mm

Contacts can be supplied in the silver or gold plated version

#### 10A max contacts

conductor section (mm²)	AWG	number identification
0.14 ÷ 0.37	26 ÷ 22	
0.5	20	
0.75	18	
1	18	
1.5	16	
2.5	14	

Contacts can be supplied in the silver or gold plated version

#### inserts:

description

CQ - CQE - CCE - CDC - CMCE - CX - MIXO

The connections of the conductors to the removable contacts of the male and female inserts are made via crimping with a crimping tool and locator.

The crimped connections are then introduced in the inserts of the above mentioned series and are firmly held in place by means of a retainer device fitted on the insert which holds down the contact.

The contact can be removed by simply using a flat head 3mm screwdriver through the openings provided in the inserts (CDC, CMCE 16+2, CX 8/24 series) or by means of special extractor tools, to unlock the retainer device and release the contact (CQ, CCE, CMCE, CQE, CX, MIXO series).

The wire housing entry on the contact is tapered to facilitate wire insertion and to avoid any damages occurring after the crimping operation.

#### 16A max contacts

conductor section (mm²)	AWG	throat identification
0.14 ÷ 0.37	26 ÷ 22	
0.5	20	
0.75	18	
1	18	
1.5	16	
2.5	14	
4	12	

Contacts can be supplied in the silver or gold plated

Male contacts can also be supplied in the "advanced" version (shortened contact)

40A IIIax contacts							
conductor section (mm²)	AWG	identification					
1.5	16	hole Ø 1.75 mm					
2.5	14	hole Ø 2.25 mm					
4	12	hole Ø 2.85 mm					
6	10	hole Ø 3.5 mm					

Contacts are supplied in the silver plated version only



	   #	Thinks of the same	Shape .			. 0				The second			9				The state of the s	
	   <b>10A</b>           	10A           	10A           	10A           	<b>16A</b>           	40A 16A 10A	<b>16A</b>           	16A    -  -  -  -  -	rated c	curren 16A         	t 16A	<b>16A</b>           	35A           	16A   10A     	40A   10A       	80A   16A   	200A   100A   70A   40A   16A   10A   5A	
enclosures size	CK, CKS	CD	CT, CTS	CDD	CDA, CDC	CQ, CQE	CCE	CNE	CSE, CSS, CSH	CTE, CTSE, CT	CME	CMSE, CMCE	CP	C X	č X	C X	MIXO	JCNE, JCSE
	1	l <u> </u>	I	I	I	1 40	I	ins	ert po	larity -	<b>+</b> ⊕ I	I	I	I	I	I	1 1	
21.21	3 4	, <i>/</i>   8#	l I	 	 	12 5	 	 	 	 		 	 	I I	l I	 	l   	
32.13	 	     	     	     	     	8 4/2	     	     	     	     		     	     	 	     	 	     	
49.16	 	1 1 <b>15</b>	 	 	1 <b>10</b>	 	   	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	   	1 1 1	 
66.16	 	25	   	38	16		   	   	   	   		   	   	 	   	   	 	
66.40	 	50	 	76	32	 	 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 	   	 	 
44.27	 	   	   	   <b>24</b> 	   	10	   <b>6</b> 	   <b>6</b> 	   <b>6</b> 	   <b>6*</b> 		   	   	 	 	   	2*	6
57.27	 	 	 	42	 	18 1	10 10	1 <b>10</b>	1 <b>10</b>	10*	3+2	3+ <sup>2</sup>	 	8/24	 	 	3*   	10
77.27	 	40	   <b>40</b> *	72	   	32	16	1 <b>16</b>	16	1 <b>6</b> *	6+2	   <b>6+</b> <sup>2</sup>	   <b>6</b>	 	6/36	4/0 4/2	4*	16
104.27	 	64	   64* 	108	 	46	24	1 1 24	24	24*	10+ <sup>2</sup> 16+ <sup>2</sup>	10+ <sup>2</sup> 16+ <sup>2</sup> *	 	 	 	4/8	6*	24
77.62	 	80	   	144	 	64	32	32	32	32*	12+4	12+4	12	 	 	 	   <b>8</b> *   	32
104.62		   <b>128</b> 		216		92	48	   <b>48</b> 	48	48 <b>*</b>	20+ <sup>4</sup> 32+ <sup>4</sup>	20+ <sup>4</sup> 32+ <sup>4</sup> *		 	 			

The polarity values in "red" are obtained using double inserts

The polarity values in "green" must be mounted exclusively in insulated enclosures (CM - CMA and MM - MMA versions) or T-Type series The polarity values indicated as exponentials in the CME, CMCE and CMSE inserts identify the pilot contacts for advanced opening

<sup># =</sup> polarity without earth contact

<sup>\* =</sup> can only be mounted in bulkhead housings (6/10/16/24 polarity, also usable with BIG series hoods)

<sup>○\* =</sup> number of modular inserts that may be inserted in the enclosures

<sup>★ =</sup> polarity not available in CMSE version